

parameter and parameter space

exp(θ):

$$X_1, \dots, X_n \stackrel{\text{i.i.d.}}{\sim} \text{exp}(\theta)$$

$$\text{p.d.f. } f(x) = \theta e^{-\theta x}, \quad x \geq 0.$$

$$\theta \in (0, \infty), \quad \Omega = (0, \infty).$$

$N(\mu, \sigma^2)$

$$X_1, \dots, X_n \stackrel{\text{i.i.d.}}{\sim} N(\mu, \sigma^2)$$

$$\text{p.d.f. } f(x) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi\sigma^2}} \exp\left\{-\frac{1}{2\sigma^2}(x-\mu)^2\right\}, \quad x \in \mathbb{R}$$

$$\mu \in \mathbb{R}, \quad \sigma^2 \in \mathbb{R}^+$$

$$(\mu, \sigma^2) \in \mathbb{R} \times \mathbb{R}^+, \quad \Omega = \mathbb{R} \times \mathbb{R}^+$$

Binomial (n, p)

$$X_1, \dots, X_n \stackrel{\text{i.i.d.}}{\sim} \text{Bin}(n, p)$$

$$\text{p.f. } P(X=x) = \binom{n}{x} p^x (1-p)^{n-x}, \quad x \in \{0, 1, \dots, n\}$$

$$n \in \mathbb{N}, \quad p \in [0, 1]$$

$$(n, p) \in \mathbb{N} \times [0, 1], \quad \Omega = \mathbb{N} \times [0, 1].$$

Example: diff. kinds of inferences:

⊗ X represents the daily temperatures.

a) $X \sim N(\mu, \sigma^2)$, $\theta = (\mu, \sigma^2)$ (theta)

$$\text{pdf: } f(x|\mu, \sigma^2) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi\sigma^2}} \exp\left\{-\frac{1}{2\sigma^2}(x-\mu)^2\right\}, x \in \mathbb{R}$$

$$\Omega = \mathbb{R} \times \mathbb{R}^+$$

b) $P(\text{the mean temperatures being less than 1.6})$

$$Y = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n X_i$$

we know Y is going to have a normal distribution.

$$E(Y) = E\left(\frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n X_i\right) = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n E(X_i) = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n \mu = \mu$$

$$\text{Var}(Y) = \text{Var}\left(\frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n X_i\right) = \frac{1}{n^2} \text{Var}\left(\sum_{i=1}^n X_i\right) = \frac{1}{n^2} \sum_{i=1}^n \text{Var}(X_i) = \frac{\sigma^2}{n}$$

$$\therefore Y \sim N\left(\mu, \text{variance} = \frac{\sigma^2}{n}\right)$$

$$P(Y < 1.6), \quad Y \sim N\left(\mu, \frac{\sigma^2}{n}\right)$$